

②

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sin nx \left((a_n \sin nx) \cos nt \right)' = n a_n \sin(nx) \sin nt$$

(1) $\lambda > 0$

$$\lambda > 0 \text{ and } t \neq 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - \lambda = 0$$

$$\lambda = \pm \sqrt{\lambda}$$

$$T(t) = C_3 e^{\sqrt{\lambda} t} + C_4 e^{-\sqrt{\lambda} t}$$

$$T(x) = C_5 e^{\sqrt{\lambda} x} + C_6 e^{-\sqrt{\lambda} x}$$

$$\lambda^2 + \lambda = 0$$

$$\lambda = \pm i\sqrt{\lambda}$$

$$X(x) = C_7 \cos \sqrt{\lambda} x + C_8 \sin \sqrt{\lambda} x$$

$$= C_9 \cos \lambda x + C_{10} \sin \lambda x$$

$$= C_{11} (e^{i\lambda x} + e^{-i\lambda x}) + C_{12} (e^{i\lambda x} - e^{-i\lambda x})$$

$$= C_{13} e^{i\lambda x} + C_{14} e^{-i\lambda x}$$

$$U(t, x) = C_1 e^{\lambda(t+x)} + C_2 e^{\lambda(t-x)}$$

$$+ C_{15} e^{-\lambda(t+x)} + C_{16} e^{-\lambda(t-x)}$$

$$\lambda = 0 \text{ and } t \neq 0$$

$$\lambda^2 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 0$$

$$T(t) = C_5 + C_6 t$$

$$X(x) = C_7 + C_8 x$$

$$U(t, x) = C_1 + C_2 t + C_3 x + C_4 tx$$

$$\lambda < 0 \text{ and } t \neq 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - \lambda = 0$$

$$\lambda = \pm i\sqrt{\lambda}$$

$$T(t) = C_5 \cos \sqrt{\lambda} t + C_6 \sin \sqrt{\lambda} t$$

$$= C_7 \cos(-\lambda t) + C_8 \sin(\lambda t)$$

$$= C_9 (e^{-i\lambda t} + e^{i\lambda t}) + C_{10} (e^{-i\lambda t} - e^{i\lambda t})$$

$$= C_{11} e^{-i\lambda t} + C_{12} e^{i\lambda t}$$

$$\lambda^2 + \lambda = 0$$

$$\lambda = \pm i\sqrt{\lambda}$$

$$X(x) = C_{13} e^{\sqrt{\lambda} x} + C_{14} e^{-\sqrt{\lambda} x}$$

$$= C_{15} e^{-\lambda x} + C_{16} e^{\lambda x}$$

$$U(t, x) = C_7 e^{\lambda(t+x)} + C_8 e^{\lambda(t-x)}$$

$$+ C_{17} e^{-\lambda(t+x)} + C_{18} e^{-\lambda(t-x)}$$

$$= C_1 e^{\lambda(t-x)} + C_2 e^{\lambda(t+x)}$$

$$+ C_3 e^{\lambda(t+x)} + C_4 e^{-\lambda(t-x)}$$

$$[2] (1) U(t, x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nt \sin nx$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin x \sin nx \, dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \cos(n+1)x - \cos(n-1)x \, dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{n+1} \sin(n+1)x - \frac{1}{n-1} \sin(n-1)x \right]_0^{\pi} \\ &= -\frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{n+1} \sin(n+1)\pi - \frac{1}{n-1} \sin(n-1)\pi \right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{n-1} \right) \sin(n+1)\pi \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \sin(n+1)\pi = 0 \quad (n \neq 1) \end{aligned}$$

$$a_1 = -\frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \cos 2x - 1 \, dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x - x \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$= 1$$

$$\therefore U(t, x) = \cos t \sin x$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \quad a_n &= -\frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{n+2} - \frac{1}{n-2} \right) \sin(n+2)\pi \\ &= \frac{4}{\pi} \sin(n+2)\pi = 0 \quad (n \neq 2) \end{aligned}$$

$$a_2 = -\frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \cos 4x - 1 \, dx$$

$$= 1$$

$$\therefore U(t, x) = \cos 2t \sin 2x$$

$$(3) U(t, x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sin nt \sin nx$$

key point

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n \sin nx = \sin 3x \quad \text{for } x \in (0, \pi)$$

$$n a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin 3x \sin nx \, dx$$

$$= \frac{6}{\pi} \sin(n+3)\pi = 0 \quad (n \neq 3)$$

$$3a_3 = -\frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \cos 6x - 1 \, dx = 1$$

$$\therefore a_3 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\therefore U(t, x) = \frac{1}{3} \sin 3t \sin 3x$$