

問題 $V(x) = -\alpha x^2 + \beta x^4$ ($\alpha, \beta > 0$)

(a) カラテを求め、大まかなグラフを書け

$$F = -\frac{dV}{dx} = 2\alpha x - 4\beta x^3$$

(b) 運動可能領域を求めよ

<解答> グラフより, $E < -\frac{\alpha}{4\beta}$ のとき, $\chi = \pm \sqrt{\frac{\alpha}{4\beta}}$

$$E = -\frac{\alpha}{4\beta} \text{ のとき, } \chi = \pm \sqrt{\frac{\alpha}{4\beta}}$$

$$(V(x) = E \text{ とする } \beta x^4 - \alpha x^2 - E = 0 \text{ より,})$$

$$\chi^2 = \frac{\alpha \pm \sqrt{\alpha^2 + 4\beta E}}{2\beta}$$

$$-\frac{\alpha}{4\beta} < E < 0 \text{ のとき, } -\sqrt{\frac{\alpha + \sqrt{\alpha^2 + 4\beta E}}{2\beta}} \leq \chi \leq -\sqrt{\frac{\alpha - \sqrt{\alpha^2 + 4\beta E}}{2\beta}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\alpha - \sqrt{\alpha^2 + 4\beta E}}{2\beta}} \leq \chi \leq \sqrt{\frac{\alpha + \sqrt{\alpha^2 + 4\beta E}}{2\beta}}$$

$$E \geq 0 \text{ のとき, } -\sqrt{\frac{\alpha + \sqrt{\alpha^2 + 4\beta E}}{2\beta}} \leq \chi \leq \sqrt{\frac{\alpha + \sqrt{\alpha^2 + 4\beta E}}{2\beta}}$$

N ケ プラ - 問題

$$m_1 \frac{d\vec{r}_1}{dt} = \vec{F}_{12} \quad (\times) \quad \vec{F}_{12} = -\frac{G m_1 m_2}{|\vec{r}_1 - \vec{r}_2|^3} \cdot \frac{\vec{r}_1 - \vec{r}_2}{|\vec{r}_1 - \vec{r}_2|}$$

$$m_2 \frac{d\vec{r}_2}{dt} = \vec{F}_{21} \quad \rightarrow (m_1 + m_2) \frac{d\vec{r}_G}{dt} = \vec{F}_{12} + \vec{F}_{21} = 0 \quad (\text{重心は等速度運動})$$

(1) 重心運動の分離

$$\vec{r}_G = \frac{m_1 \vec{r}_1 + m_2 \vec{r}_2}{m_1 + m_2}$$

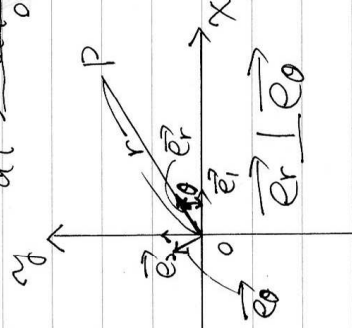
$\vec{r} = \vec{r}_1 - \vec{r}_2$ に対する運動方程式

$$\frac{d^2 \vec{r}}{dt^2} = \frac{d^2 \vec{r}_1}{dt^2} - \frac{d^2 \vec{r}_2}{dt^2} = \left(\frac{1}{m_1} + \frac{1}{m_2} \right) \vec{F}_{12} \quad \therefore \mu \frac{d^2 \vec{r}}{dt^2} = \vec{F}(\vec{r}) \quad (\vec{r} = \vec{r}_1 - \vec{r}_2 \text{ における})$$

(2) 2次元極座標 ($\vec{F} = -\frac{G m_1 m_2}{r^2} \hat{r} = f(r) \hat{r}$ とおく)

※ 相対運動の角運動量 $\vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \vec{p} = \mu \vec{r} \times \dot{\vec{r}}$

$$\frac{d\vec{L}}{dt} = \mu \frac{d}{dt} (\dot{\vec{r}} \times \vec{r} + \vec{r} \times \frac{d\vec{r}}{dt}) = \vec{r} \times \vec{F} = f(r) \vec{r} \times \hat{r} = 0 \quad \vec{L} \text{ は保存される}$$



$$\vec{e}_r = \cos\theta \vec{e}_1 + \sin\theta \vec{e}_2 \quad \vec{e}_\theta = -\sin\theta \vec{e}_1 + \cos\theta \vec{e}_2$$

$$\frac{d\vec{e}_r}{dt} = \frac{d\theta}{dt} \sin\theta \vec{e}_1 + \frac{d\theta}{dt} \cos\theta \vec{e}_2 = \frac{d\theta}{dt} \vec{e}_\theta \quad \dots \textcircled{A}$$

$$\frac{d\vec{e}_\theta}{dt} = \frac{d\theta}{dt} \cos\theta \vec{e}_1 - \frac{d\theta}{dt} \sin\theta \vec{e}_2 = -\frac{d\theta}{dt} \vec{e}_r \quad \dots \textcircled{B}$$